

# **Indiana Guide**

## **For Preparation of Fruit and Vegetables**

### **Exempt from Processing Requirements**

**February 2004**

## **PURPOSE**

This guide for growers is developed to promote the sale of farm fresh, locally grown, wholesome fruits and vegetables to school systems, farmers' markets and consumers. The pictures in the guide demonstrate commonly grown produce and the extent to which it may be trimmed without being regulated. Trimming and/or cutting of fruits and vegetables on the farm at the time of picking is prohibited. Growers who exceed these guidelines would be regulated as food processors and would need to meet all the Indiana State Department of Health's food sanitation requirements.

The produce may be initially washed by the growers to remove excessive soil, but the produce is not to be considered ready-to-eat without further washing with potable water by the purchaser. During preparation, some produce, such as cantaloupe, may require scrubbing with a brush to thoroughly remove dirt from the skin surfaces.

Any questions pertaining to food safety may be directed to the health department located in your county.

### **Developed in cooperation with**

#### **Indiana State Department of Health**

*Scott Gilliam & Shirley Vargas* - Food Protection

#### **Indiana Office of Agriculture**

*Kathy Altman* – Value-Added Business Development & Marketing

#### **Purdue Extension**

*Kirby Hayes* – Department of Food Science

*Roy Ballard* – New Ventures Team

#### **Indiana Farm Bureau**

*Karen Lackey* – Certified Home Economist

*Bud Beesley* – Value-Added Committee

#### **Jennings County School Corporation**

*Michael Bushong* – Superintendent

#### **Jennings County Health Board**

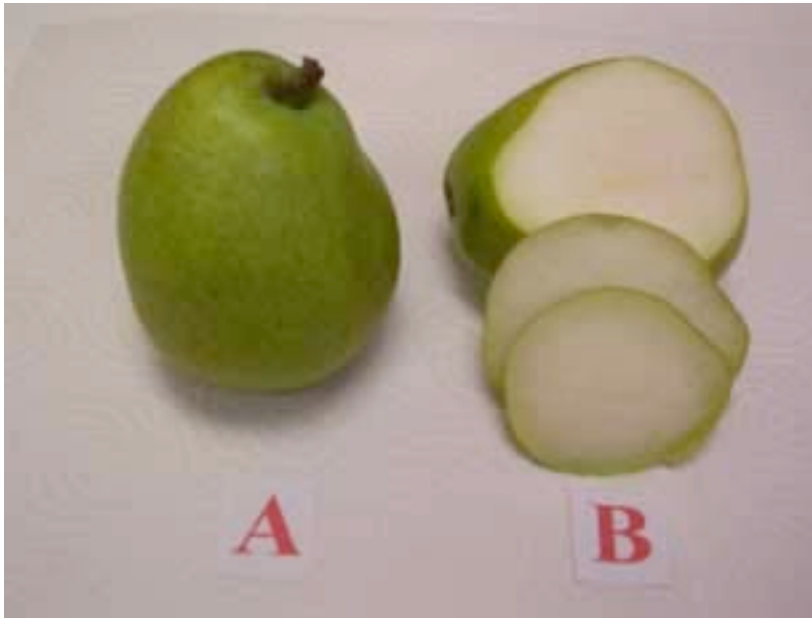
*Merrill Salyers* – Board Member

#### **Jennings County Growers Co-operative**

*Richard Adrian* – President

# Fruits:

## Pear



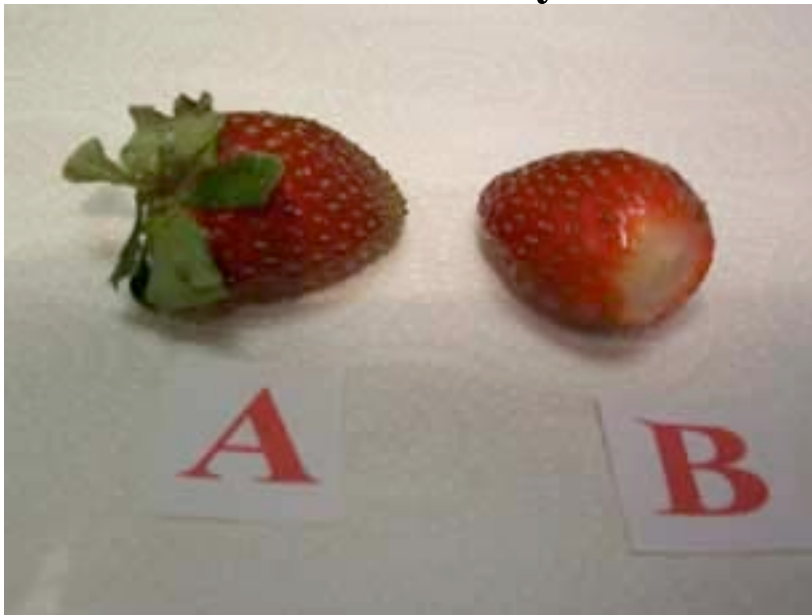
A.  
Acceptable

B.  
Not acceptable

Reason

Contamination can enter fruit if it is sliced and the stem is broken out.

## Strawberry



A.  
Acceptable

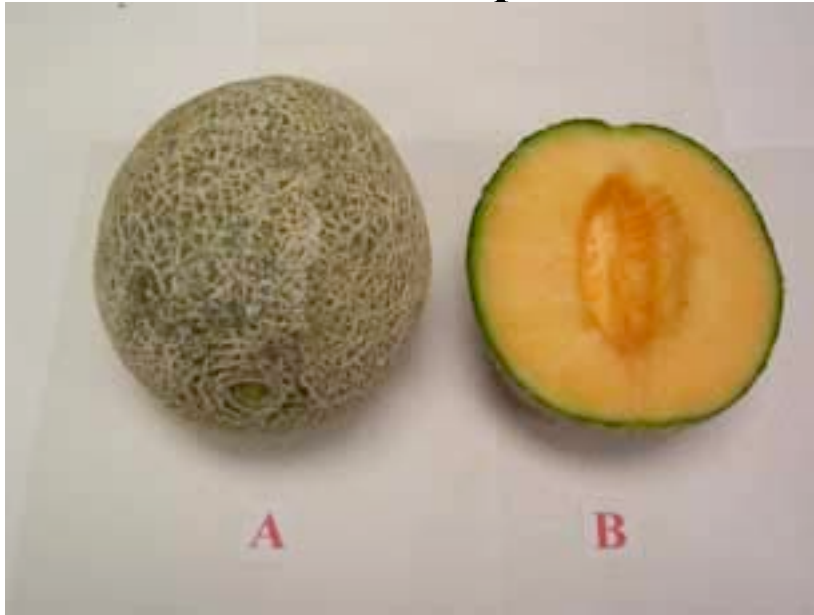
B.  
Not acceptable

Reason

Contamination can enter into the berry where the crown is cut off.

# Vegetables:

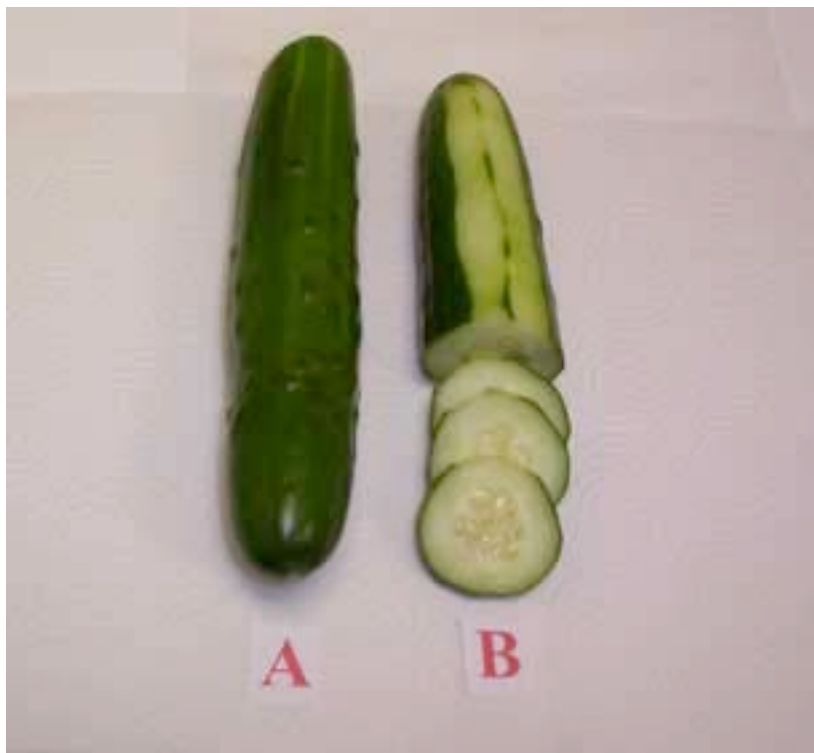
## Cantaloupe



- A.  
Acceptable
- B.  
Not acceptable

Reason  
Contamination can enter when the melon is cut.

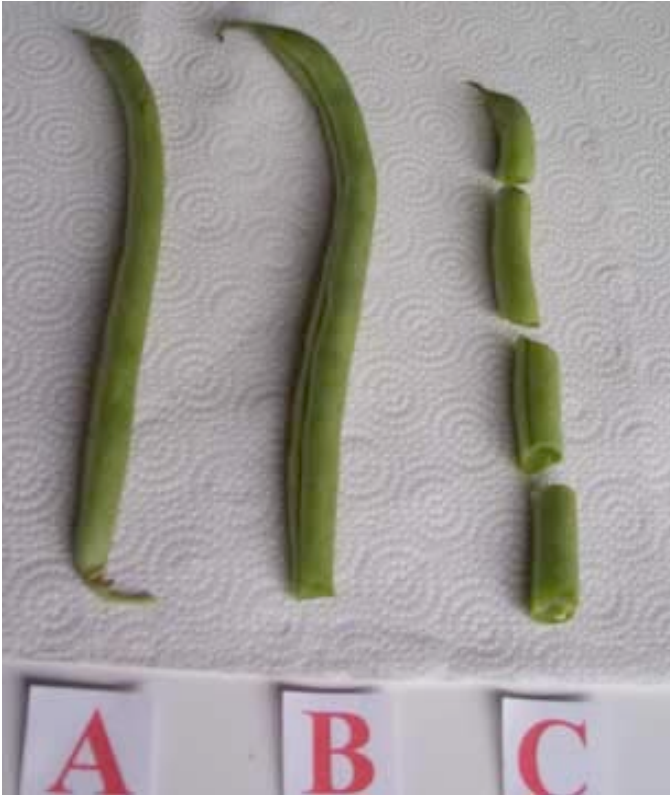
## Cucumber



- A.  
Acceptable
- B.  
Not acceptable

Reason  
Contamination can enter when it is strip pealed or sliced.

## Green Bean



- A.  
Acceptable
- B.  
Beans that break during picking are acceptable
- C.  
Not acceptable

Reason:

Contamination can enter the bean when it is cut.

## Lettuce



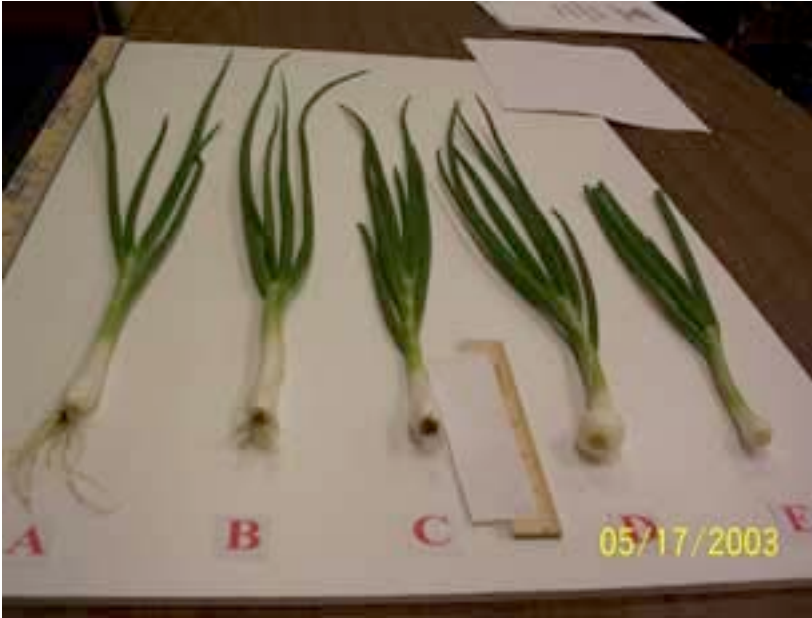
- A. and B.  
Acceptable

- C.  
Not acceptable

Reason

Contamination can enter the leaf when cut.

## Onions



A., B. and C.  
Acceptable

D. and E.  
Not acceptable

Reason:

Contamination can enter when samples are cut too close at the root end. E has the top cut off.

## Parsley



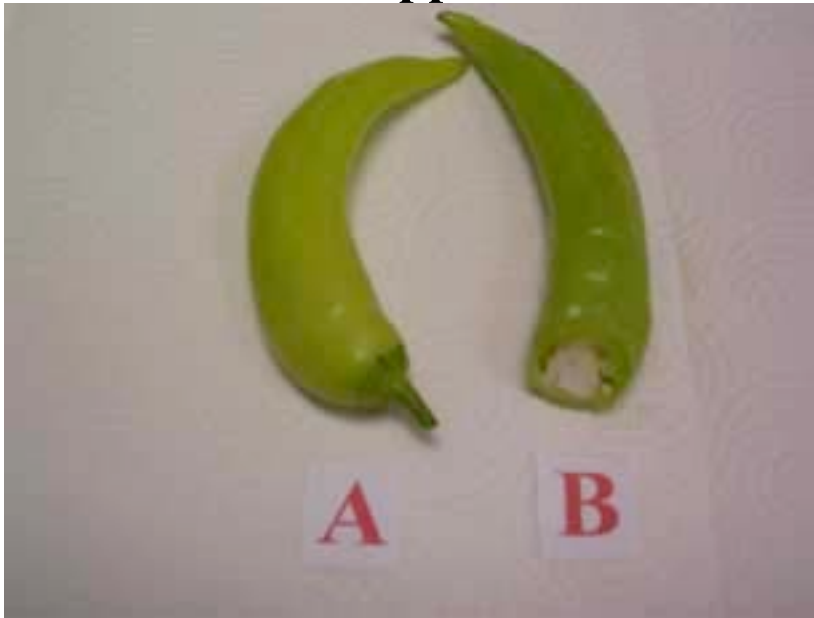
A. and B.  
Acceptable

C.  
Not acceptable

Reason

Stem was cut too short.  
Contamination can enter.

## Pepper



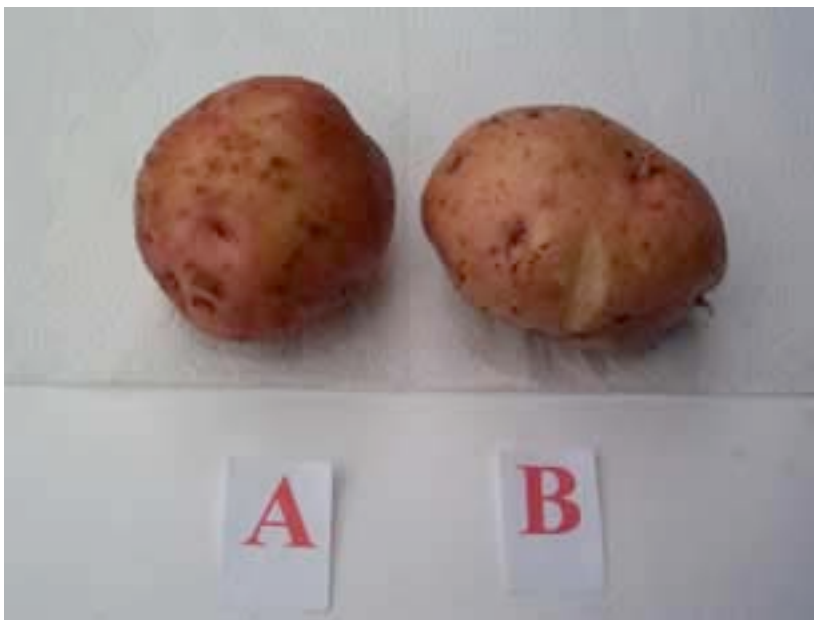
A.  
Acceptable

B.  
Not acceptable

Reason

Contamination can enter when stem is broken or cut.

## Potato



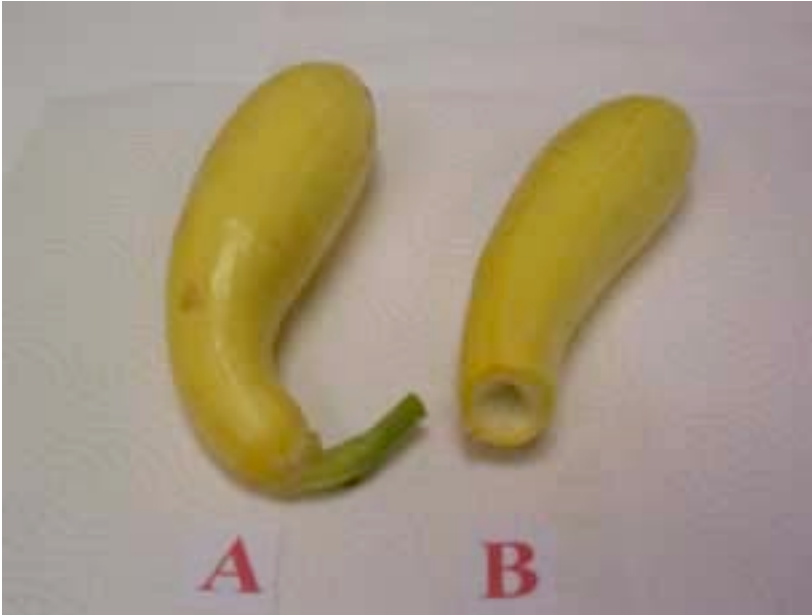
A.  
Acceptable

B.  
Not acceptable

Reason

Sample has a slice out of it and contamination can enter.

## Summer Squash



A.  
Acceptable

B.  
Not acceptable

Reason

Contamination can enter when the stem is broken. or cut.

## Sweet Corn



A.  
Acceptable

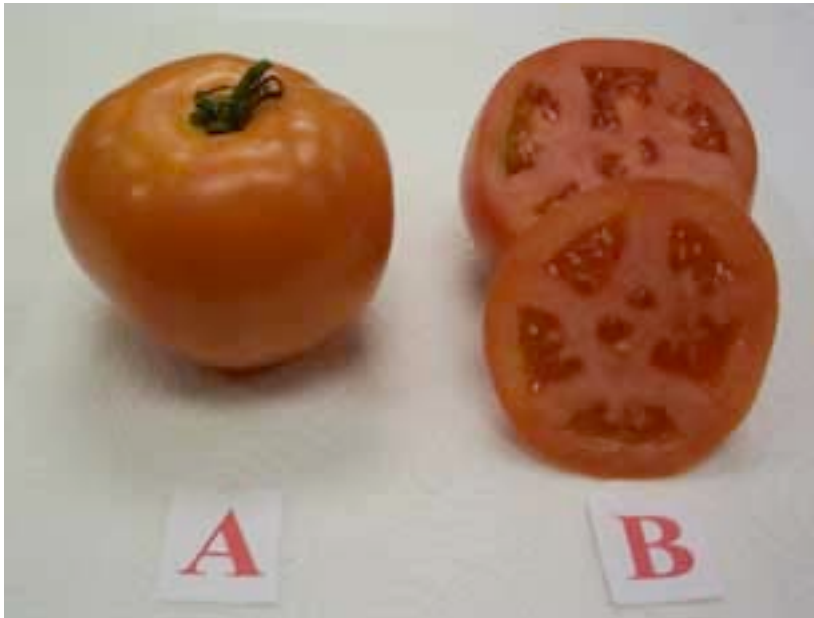
B.  
Not acceptable

Reason

Leaves are striped back and exposing the kernels to contamination.



## Tomato



Acceptable

A.

Not acceptable

B.

Reason:

Sample is sliced and contamination can enter.

## Zucchini



Acceptable

A.

Not acceptable

B.

Reason:

Contamination can enter when the stem is broken or cut.